YOUNG ADULT CANCER CANADA INC. Financial Statements Year Ended July 31, 2020



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Directors of Young Adult Cancer Canada Inc.

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Young Adult Cancer Canada Inc. (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at July 31, 2020, and the statements of changes in net assets, revenues and expenditures and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at July 31, 2020, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-for-profit Organizations (ASNPO)

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many charitable organizations, the Organization derives revenue from fundraising campaigns and other donations, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Organization and we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to revenues, excess of revenues over expenditures, and cash flows from operations for the year ended July 31, 2020, current assets and net assets as at July 31, 2020.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with ASNPO, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting

(continues)

Independent Auditor's Report to the Directors of Young Adult Cancer Canada Inc. *(continued)* process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador October 22, 2020

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

Harris Lyan Refessional Corporation

YOUNG ADULT CANCER CANADA INC. Statement of Financial Position July 31, 2020

		2020		2019
ASSETS				
CURRENT				
Cash	\$	474,742	\$	442,778
Accounts receivable (Note 3)		58,082		65,559
Prepaid expenses		21,158		26,866
		553,982		535,203
TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS (Note 4)		1,601		6,461
INVESTMENT		25,000		25,000
	\$	580,583	\$	566,664
		•		·
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
CURRENT				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	39,368	\$	44,101
Employee deductions payable	•	11,490	*	-
Deferred income		48,498		17,272
		00.256		64 272
		99,356		61,373
Canada Emergency Business Account Loan (Note 5)		40,000		-
		139,356		61,373
		,		, -
NET ASSETS		441,227		505,291
	\$	580,583	\$	566,664

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD	
	Director
	Director

YOUNG ADULT CANCER CANADA INC. Statement of Changes in Net Assets Year Ended July 31, 2020

	2020	2019
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 505,291 (64,064)	\$ 478,755 26,536
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 441,227	\$ 505,291

YOUNG ADULT CANCER CANADA INC. Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Year Ended July 31, 2020

		2020		2019
REVENUES				
Corporate donations	\$	191,125	\$	282,940
Shave for the Brave	-	185,636	•	378,442
Personal donations		162,105		169,687
Wage subsidy		103,782		2,347
Third party events		63,869		83,350
Climb		10,157		19,297
In Memoriam donations		8,878		12,343
Interest		5,243		3,391
Miscellaneous		-		836
		730,795		952,633
EXPENDITURES				
Support (Schedule 1)		360,508		508,277
Fund Development (Schedule 2)		175,612		161,641
Operations (Schedule 3)		130,382		129,615
Awareness and Advocacy (Schedule 4)		128,357		126,564
		794,859		926,097
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(64,064)	\$	26,536

YOUNG ADULT CANCER CANADA INC. Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended July 31, 2020

	2020	2019
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures Item not affecting cash:	\$ (64,064)	\$ 26,536
Amortization of tangible capital assets	7,987	4,255
Observes in more scale condition conital (Mate C)	(56,077)	30,791
Changes in non-cash working capital (Note 6)	51,169	(80,489)
Cash flow used by operating activities	(4,908)	(49,698)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of tangible capital assets Proceeds of guaranteed investment certificates	(3,128)	(82) 50,000
Cash flow from (used by) investing activities	(3,128)	49,918
FINANCING ACTIVITY		
Proceeds from long term financing	40,000	
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH FLOW	31,964	220
Cash - beginning of year	442,778	442,558
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$ 474,742	\$ 442,778

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended July 31, 2020

ABOUT THE ORGANIZATION

Young Adult Cancer Canada Inc. (the "organization") is a charitable organization established to support young adults diagnosed with cancer in Canada as they live with, through and beyond cancer, to be the connection to peers, bridge out of isolation, and source of inspiration. To fulfill its mission, the organization undertakes certain fund development activities and receives donations and grants from various sources at different points in time throughout the fiscal year. The unpredictable nature of fundraising activities can create variability in revenues and expenses year over year, and the resulting financial position at each year end. The organization funds its operating requirements throughout the fiscal period through the use of cash on hand.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Notfor-profit Organizations (ASNFPO) and reflect the following significant accounting policies.

Cash

Cash consists of balances on deposit with Canadian financial institutions and guaranteed investment certificates with maturities of 100 days or less.

Revenue recognition

Young Adult Cancer Canada Inc. follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value with the cost being determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

Contributed services

Volunteers contribute a significant number of hours per year to assist the organization in carrying out its objectives. In addition, the organization receives donated materials and services throughout the year. These contributions are only recognized in the financial statements when the fair value can be reasonably determined.

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are stated at cost. Tangible capital assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives on a declining balance using the half year rule in the year of acquisition, at the following rates and methods:

Computer equipment and software Furniture and equipment

100% straight-line method20% straight-line method

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Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended July 31, 2020

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments policy

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial instruments are reported at amortized cost, and tested for impairment at each reporting date.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, accounts receivable and investment.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Impairment

Financial assets measured at cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of the write-down is recognized in net income. The previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the impairment, directly or by adjusting the allowance account, provided it is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in net income.

Allocation of expenses

The organization records its expenses by function: support, awareness and advocacy, fund development and operations. The organization is a support based entity with expenses related to a collection of web-based initiatives, local social gatherings, four-day retreats and conferences, as well as one on one support. Awareness and advocacy expenses relate to marketing and communication to reach more young adults with cancer. Fund development expenses relate to fund-raising efforts to fund the support programs. Operations relate to the general operation of a charity including governance, financial and administrative activities. Certain administrative expenses are allocated to each category using the same percentage of human resources allocated to that category.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Key components of the financial statements requiring management to make estimates include the useful life and amortization of tangible capital assets, in-kind donations and accrued liabilities. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

3.	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	2020	2019
	Accounts Receivable HST Receivable Wage subsidy	\$ 31,867 5,579 20,636	\$ 44,365 21,194 -
		\$ 58,082	\$ 65,559

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended July 31, 2020

4. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	Cost	 cumulated ortization	Ne	2020 t book value	N	2019 et book value
Furniture and equipment Computer equipment Computer software	\$ 25,598 43,922 1,392	\$ 25,514 42,467 1,330	\$	84 1,455 62	\$	6,420 - 41
	\$ 70,912	\$ 69,311	\$	1,601	\$	6,461

5. CANADA EMERGENCY BUSINESS ACCOUNT LOAN

On April 9, 2020 the Government of Canada launched the Canada Emergency Business Account loan. This loan was intended to support businesses by providing financing for their expenses that could not be avoided or deferred as they take steps to safely navigate a period of shutdown. The \$40,000 loan is interest free and repaying the balance of the loan on or before December 31, 2022 will result in loan forgiveness of 25%.

6.	CHANGES IN NON-CASH WORKING CAPITAL	2020	2010
		2020	2019
	Accounts receivable	\$ 7,477	\$ 42,370
	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(4,732)	(25,023)
	Deferred income	31,226	(80,446)
	Prepaid expenses	5,708	(17,390)
	Employee deductions payable	11,490	
		\$ 51,169	\$ (80,489)

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the organization's risk exposure and concentration as of July 31, 2020.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counter party will fail to perform its obligations. The organization is exposed to credit risk from accounts receivable. Management believes that the credit risk with respect to accounts receivable is not material.

The organization's investment is held within Canadian chartered banks. The organization does not expect any liquidity issues or credit losses on those investments.

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Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended July 31, 2020

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The organization monitors its cash balances and cash flows generated from operations to meet its requirements. As at July 31, 2020 the organization had cash and investments of \$499,742 (2019 - \$467,778), which is sufficient to cover its short term obligations.

To the extent that the organization does not believe it has sufficient liquidity to meet current obligations, consideration will be given to obtaining additional funds through third party funding, assuming these could be obtained.

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The organization is mainly exposed to interest rate risk.

(d) Interest rate risk

Cash and investments bear interest at variable rates. Consequently, the organization is exposed to interest rate risk. The organization does not actively manage this risk due to the fact that it does not believe it is significant.

8. IN-KIND CONTRIBUTION

As a result of management's determination of the value of in-kind contributions for advertising and travel services received from suppliers, management has decided to reflect the amount of \$33,679 (2019 - \$20,273) in these financial statements in respect of current year services in corporate donations and support expenditures.

9. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Some of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In March 2020, The World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronarvirus (COVID-19) as a global pandemic, which continues to spread in Canada and around the world.

Management is uncertain of the effects of these changes on its financial statements and believes that any disturbance may be temporary; however, there is uncertainty about the length and potential impact of the disturbance.

As a result, we are unable to estimate the potential impact of the Organization's operations as at the date of these financial statements.

Support (Schedule 1)

	2020	2020		
Support expenditures				
Human resources	\$ 212,240	\$	209,724	
Retreat Yourself	51,398		52,004	
Survivor In Action	22,209		-	
Retreat Adventure	20,991		18,869	
Support administration	19,808		23,649	
Localife	16,121		22,142	
Survivor Conference	5,017		133,638	
Web	3,785		7,746	
Professional fees	3,744		3,866	
Amortization	3,521		2,013	
Support program development	1,674		34,626	
	\$ 360,508	\$	508,277	

Fund Development

(Schedule 2)

		2020	2019	
Fund Davidanment avnenditures				
Fund Development expenditures Human resources	\$	83,075	\$	59,679
Shave for the Brave	Ψ	59,199	Ψ	64,353
Relationship management		10,955		11,054
Third party events		10,227		15,969
Fund development administrative		7,753		6,730
Climb		1,559		2,183
Professional fees		1,466		1,100
Amortization		1,378		573
	\$	175,612	\$	161,641

Operations (Schedule 3)

		2020		2019
Operations expanditures				
Operations expenditures Human resources	\$	114,450	\$	110,040
Operations administrative	Ψ	12,004	Ψ	14,059
Professional fees		2,019		2,028
Amortization		1,899		1,056
Governance		10		2,432
	\$	130,382	\$	129,615

Awareness and Advocacy

(Schedule 4)

	2020	2019	
Awareness and Advocacy expenditures			
Human resources	\$ 71,651	\$ 63,811	
Communications	25,084	40,349	
YAC Prime Research	12,189	6,036	
Shave for the Brave	10,293	7,384	
Awareness and advocacy administrative	6,687	7,195	
Professional fees	1,264	1,176	
Amortization	1,189	613	
	\$ 128,357	\$ 126,564	